

New Walter being sworn as a witness states that on the morning of the
 22nd day of August last between 9 & 10 o'clock he heard that the negroes had
 risen and were murdering the whites and were coming. Witness sent
 his son John to the house he being about a quarter of a mile off to get a
 school bag and some other things and to go to the house and get the guns, but
 before they got to the house the negroes were there and the house was
 burned. John did not come home. Mr. Parker the ~~blacksmith~~ and said they
 were in sight. Witness retreated and concealed himself in the
 corner of the fence in the woods on the opposite side of the house.
 Several negroes pursued him but he escaped them by falling among
 the weeds over the fence - one negro rode up and looked over, but did
 not observe him - the attention of the party he thinks were called
 off from him by some of the party going in pursuit of another, which
 he thinks they took for him but who turned out to be his blacksmith.
 Witness then retreated into the swamp which was not far off - after
 remaining some time witness again approached the house - before he
 retreated he saw several of his family murdered by the negroes -
 Witness crept up near the house to see what they were doing and
 concealed himself by getting in the plum orchard behind the garden -
 the negroes were drinking - Witness saw prisoner whom he knew very
 well, mounted (he thought on Dr. Musgraves horse) - states that the
 prisoner seemed to command the party - made Peter Edwards negro
 man Sam who seemed disposed to remain, mount his horse and go with
 them - prisoner gave command to the party to "go ahead" when they
 left his house - Witness states that he cannot be mistaken in the
 identity of the prisoner -

James Tregvant being sworn - said that Mr James W. Parker and
 himself were the Justices before whom the prisoner was examined previous
 to his commitment - That the prisoner at the time was in confinement but
 no threats or promises were held out to him to make any disclosures. That
 he admitted that he was one of the insurgents engaged in the late insur-
 rection and the chief among them - that he gave to his Master & Mistress
 Mr. Travis ^{his} wife the first blow before they were dispatched - that he
 killed Miss Peggy Whitehead - That he was with the insurgents
 from their first movement to their dispersion on the Tuesday morning
 after the insurrection took place - That he gave a long account of the
 motives which lead him finally to commence the bloody scenes which
 took place - That he pretended to have had intimations by signs &
 omens from God that he should embark in the desperate attempt
 That his comrades and even he was impressed with a belief that he
 could by the imposition of his hands cure diseases. That he related

a particular
 effected a cure
 medley of unco-
 God, his comma-
 back as 1820.
 The Court aff-
 the case are un-
 form as in the
 of any thing
 execution
 and against him
 nothing but wh-
 he be taken ho-
 Friday the
 ten o'clock m-
 by the Sheriff
 by the neck in
 the sum of the

Ordered that
 fee for defending
 infant -

At a hall.
 on Saturday
 13 Parsons ch-
 1894. William
 Present.

The Court being
 the jailor of the
 and the prison-
 and from all the
 to be tried for
 for this County

Be it remem-
 Lewis here in